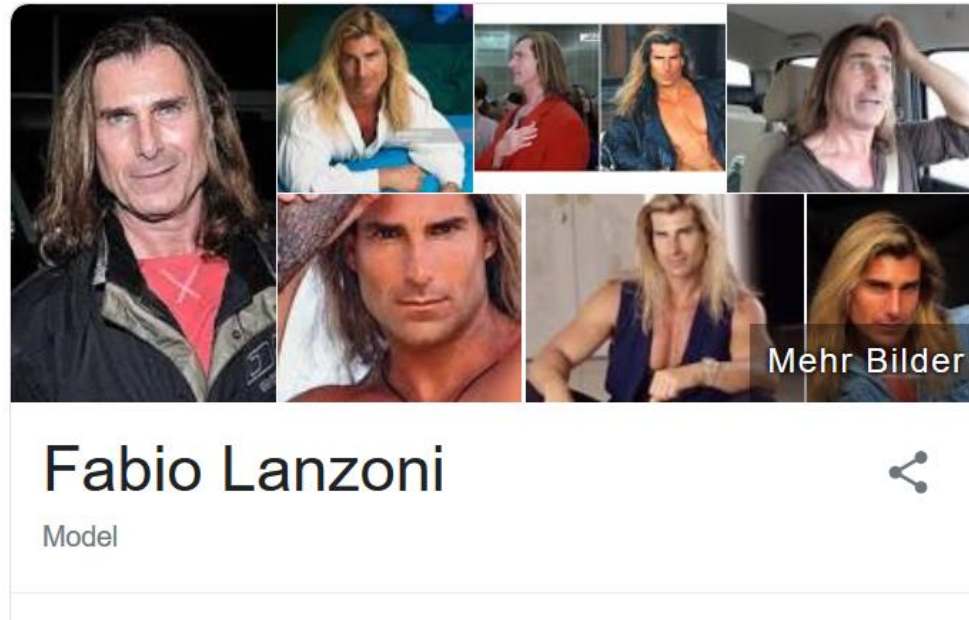


# Global supply chains in the bioeconomy

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- FABIO model
  - According to Google search:



- Physical-monetary Multi-Regional Input-Output model
  - (I) Physical MRIO
  - (II) Monetary MRIO

		Country 1			Country ...			Country m			Final demand (y)			Total output (x)
		Prod 1	Prod ...	Prod n	Prod 1	Prod ...	Prod n	Prod 1	Prod ...	Prod n	y 1	y ...	y m	
Country 1	Prod 1													Σ
	Prod ...													Σ
	Prod n													Σ
Country ...	Prod 1													Σ
	Prod ...													Σ
	Prod n													Σ
Country m	Prod 1													Σ
	Prod ...													Σ
	Prod n													Σ
Land use														

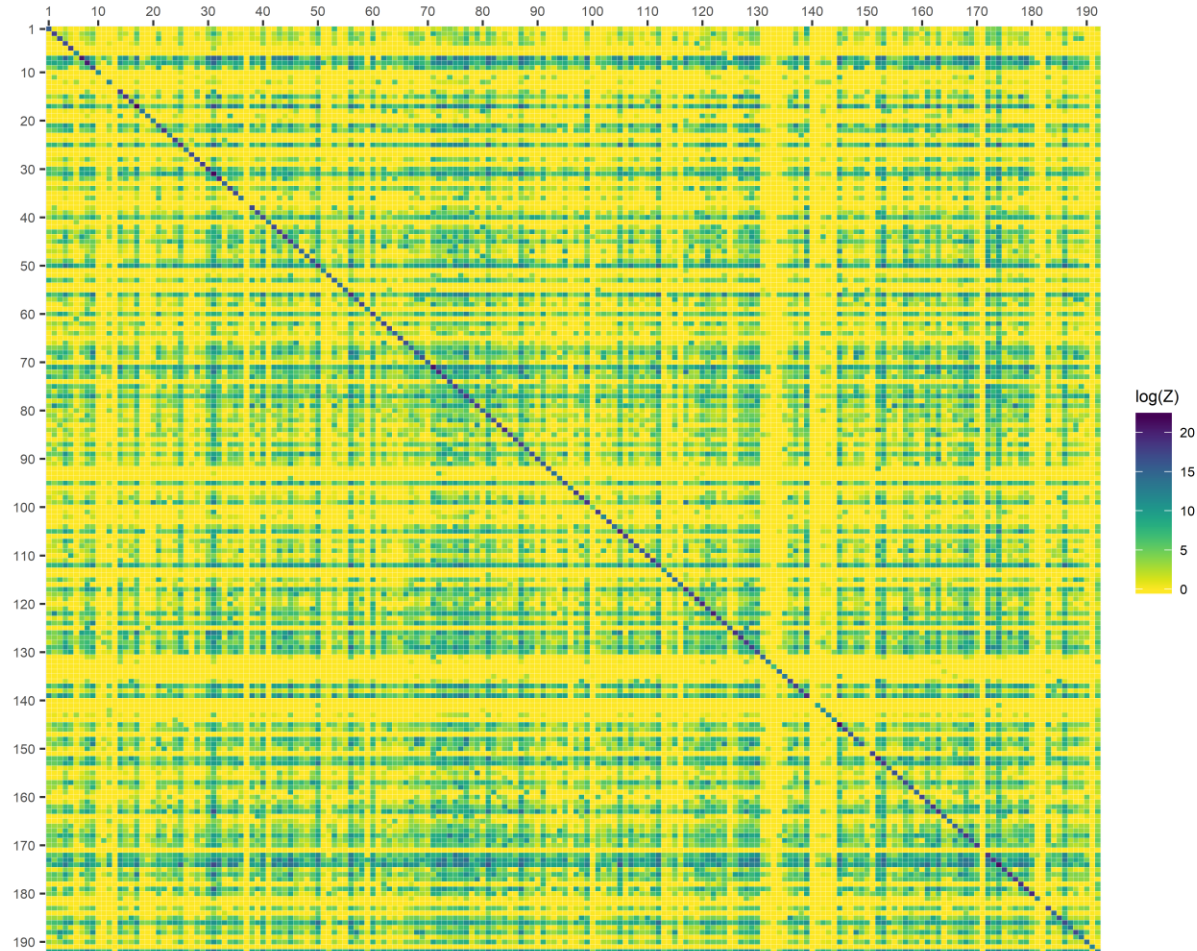
# Method: (I) physical MRIO



- FABIO: Food and Agriculture Biomass Input-Output database
- 127 agricultural commodities
  - 64 crops
  - 32 processed products
    - veg. oils and cakes
    - sugars and beverages
  - 14 animal groups
  - 17 livestock products
    - meat, milk, hides, fats...
- 3 forestry commodities
- 192 countries
- 1986 to 2013
- Data sources:
  - FAOSTAT
    - Commodity balances
    - Bilateral trade data
  - Biofuels prod: IEA/EIA
  - Biofuels trade: UN Comtrade / BACI
  - Feed use: IMAGE model (Bouwman et al. 2011)

# Method: (I) physical MRIO

Trade linkages  
between 192  
countries

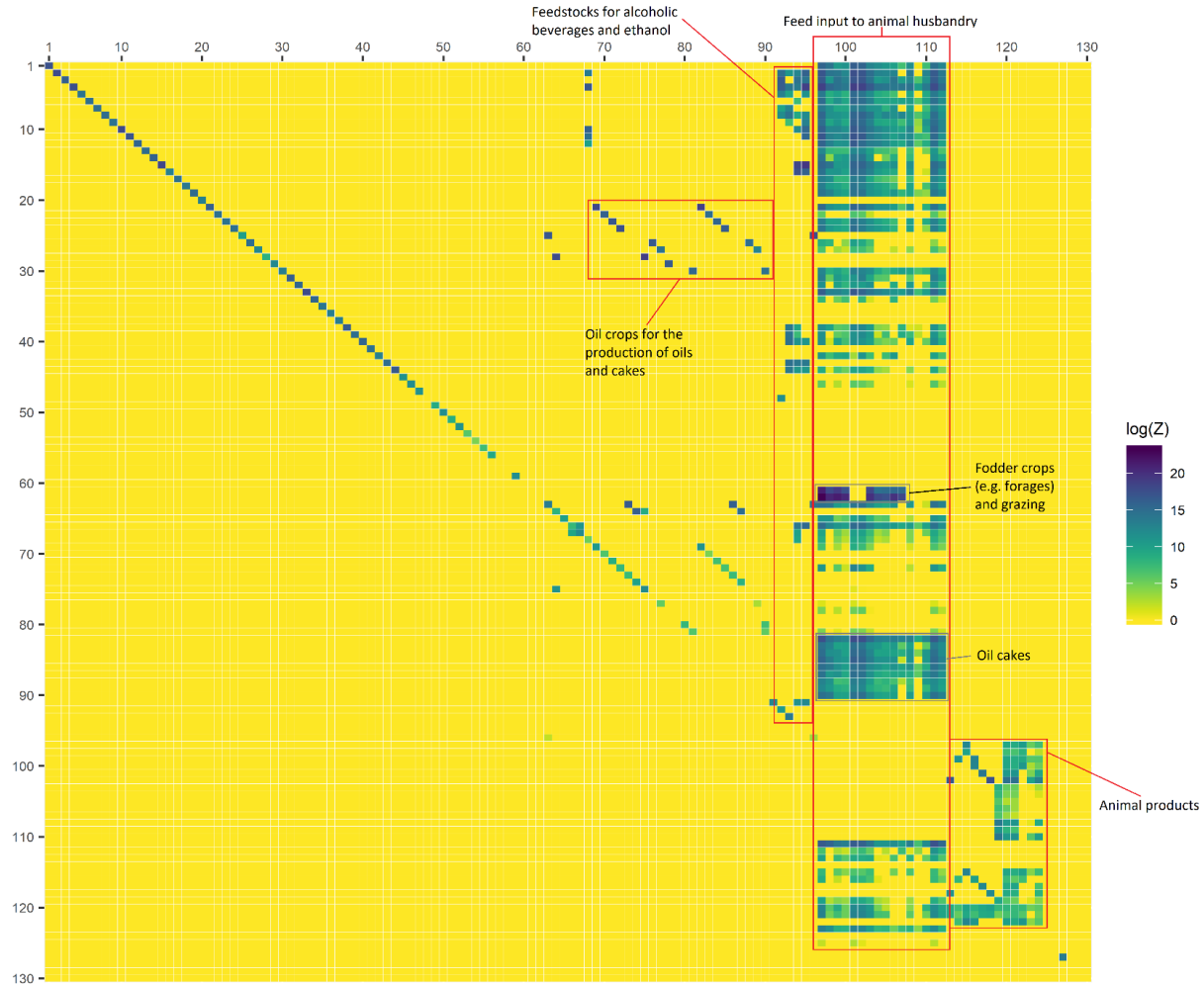


# Method: (I) physical MRIO

**Processing linkages**  
between 130  
commodities

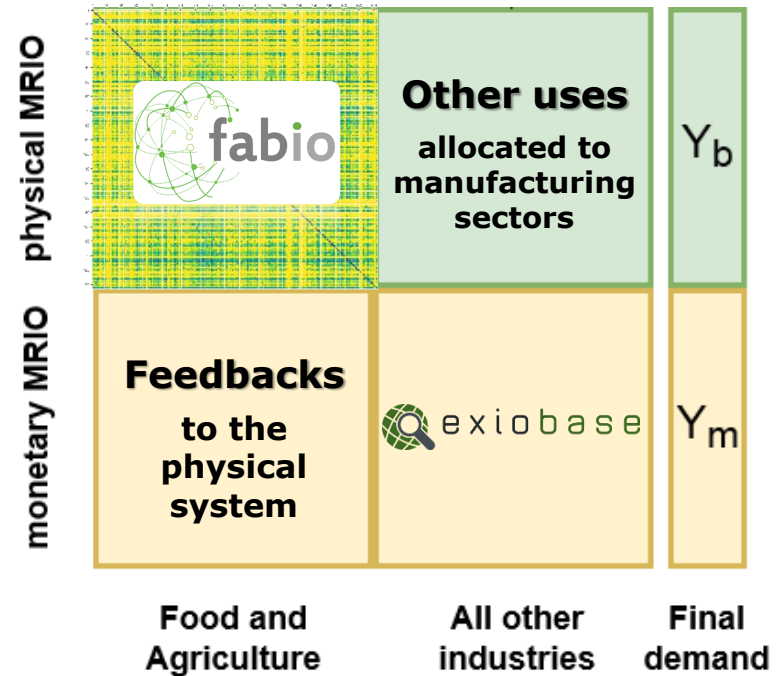
Input allocation  
among outputs  
according to

- mass shares
- value shares



# Method: (II) monetary MRIO

- Linking FABIO with EXIOBASE
- Uses of 130 agri-food commodities as a production input for ~130 manufacturing products (non-food processing)
- Total dimension: 35 000 rows and columns



# Results: Brazilian cattle



## Mass-based allocation:

- 100 Mha grassland
- 4.5 Mha cropland
- 12 % non-food

## Value-based allocation:

- 100 Mha grassland
- 4.1 Mha cropland
- 6 % non-food

Cattle, Buffaloes (BRA)

Brazil (97.1 %)

Meat (Brazil) (83.3 %)

Brazil (80.7 %)

Venezuela (1.1 %)

Rest (1.8 %)

Other food (Brazil) (3.3 %)

Leather (Brazil) (8.9 %)

Other nonfood (Brazil) (1.6 %)

Food (Venezuela) (1.1 %)

Food (Rest) (0.3 %)

Nonfood (Rest) (1.5 %)

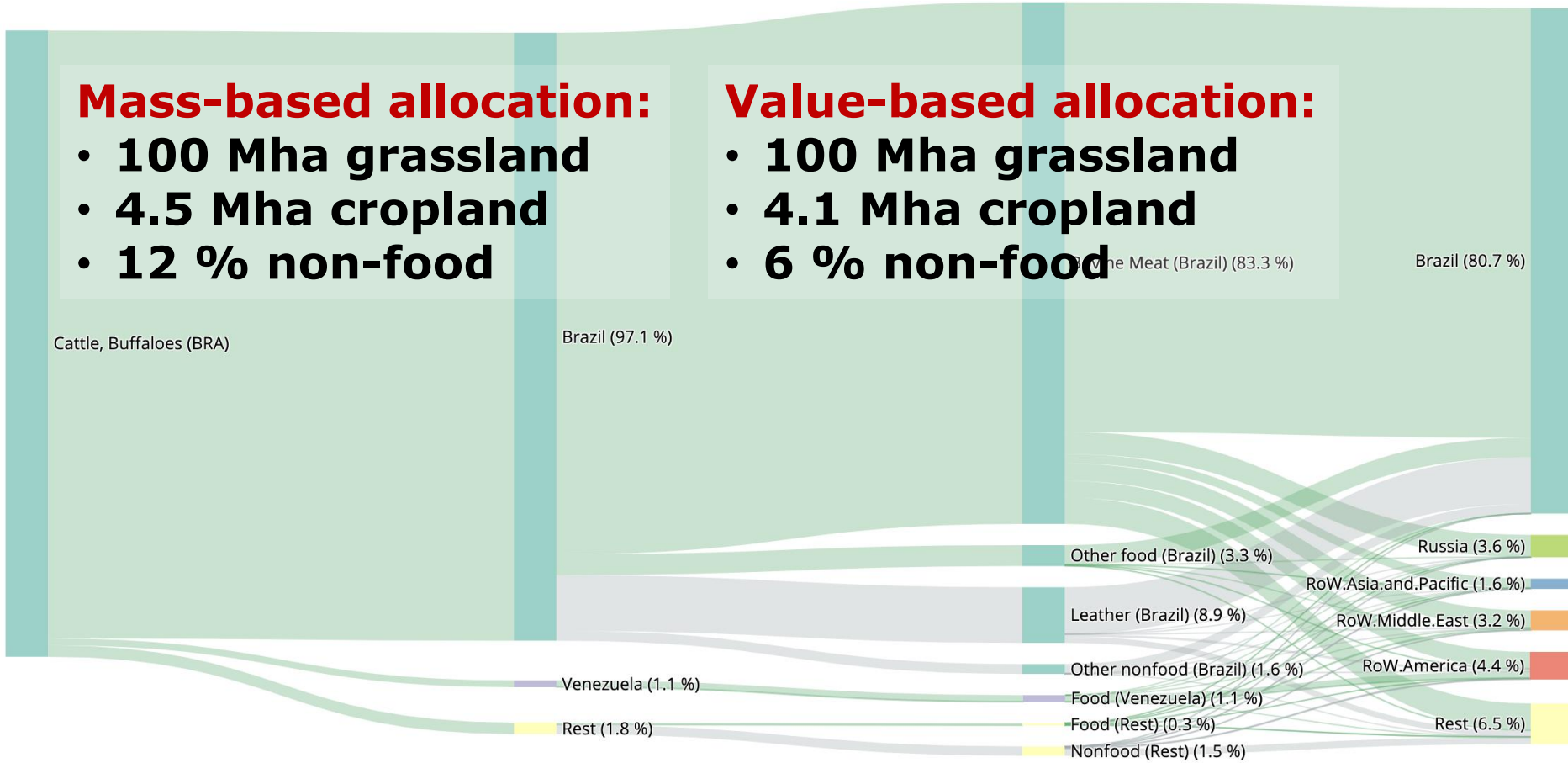
Russia (3.6 %)

RoW.Asia.and.Pacific (1.6 %)

RoW.Middle.East (3.2 %)

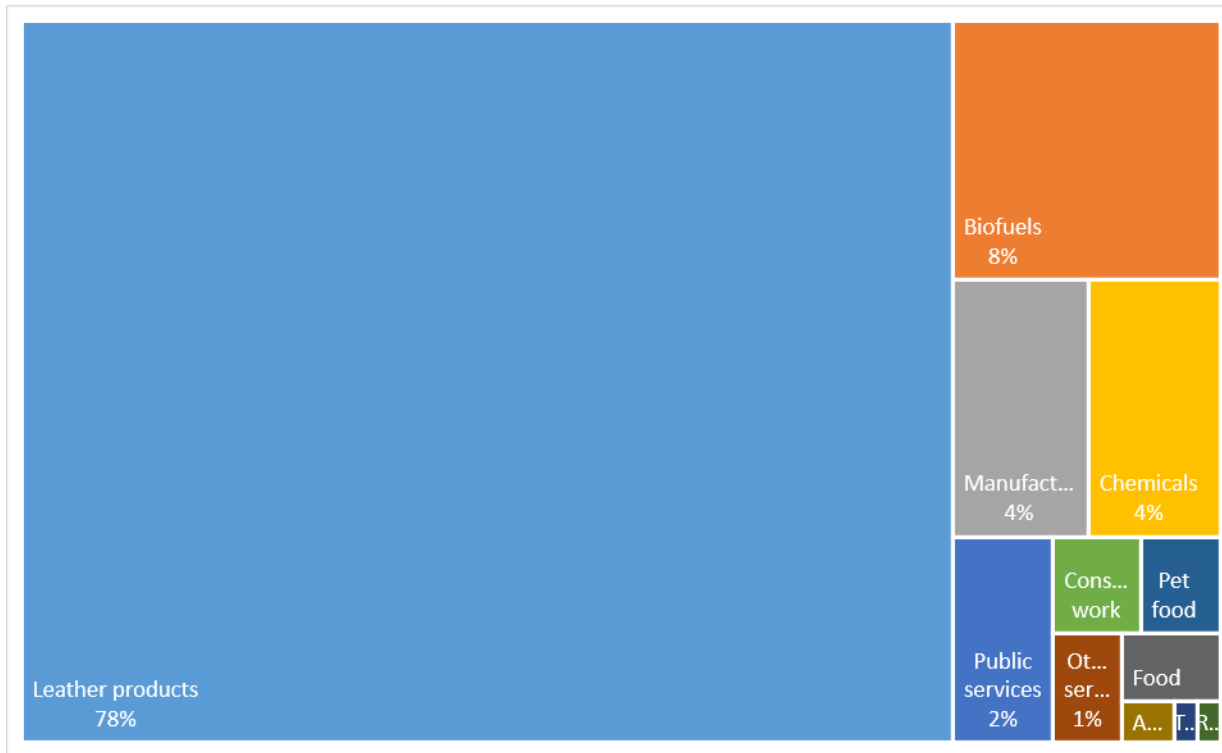
RoW.America (4.4 %)

Rest (6.5 %)





## Non-food products (2013)

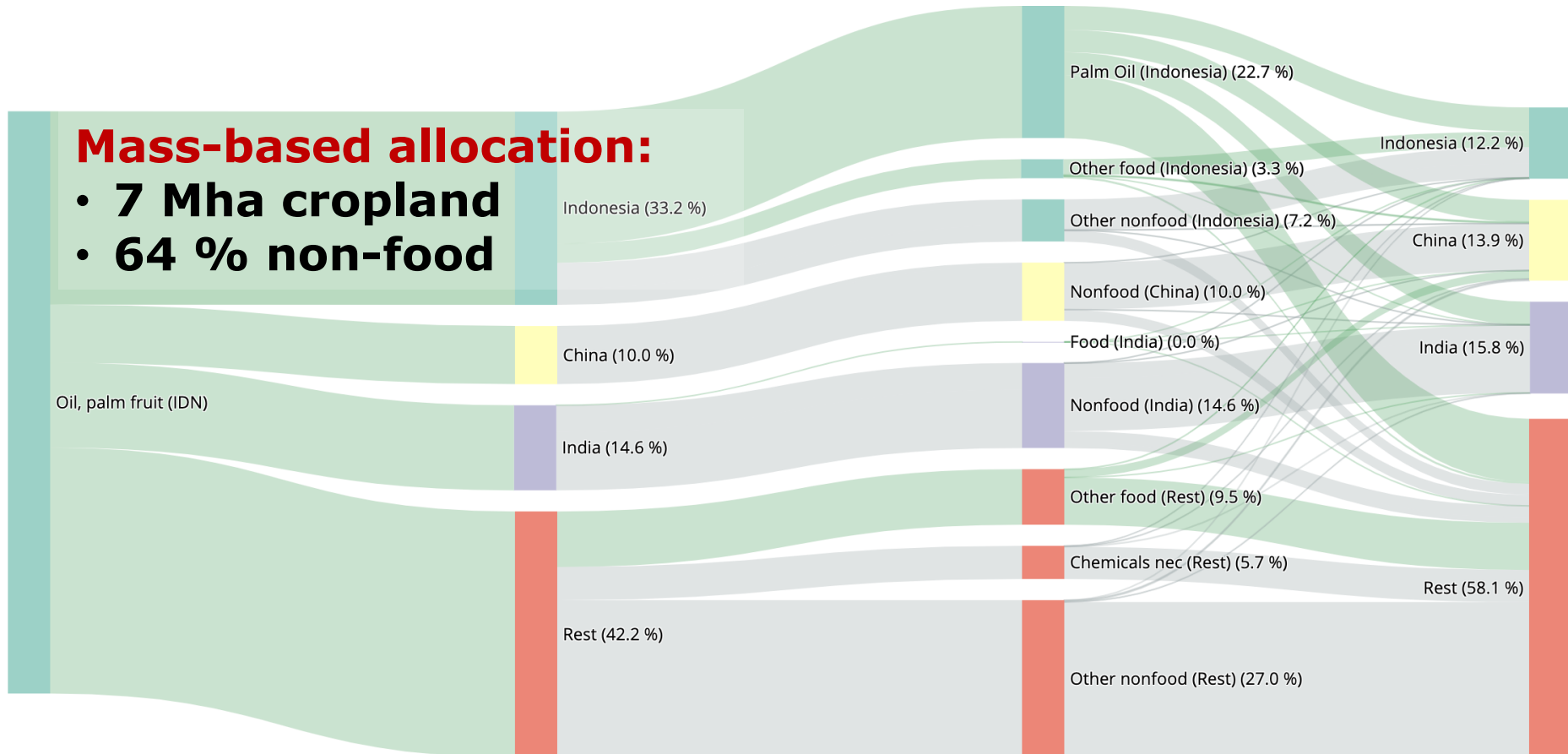


# Results: Indonesian palm oil

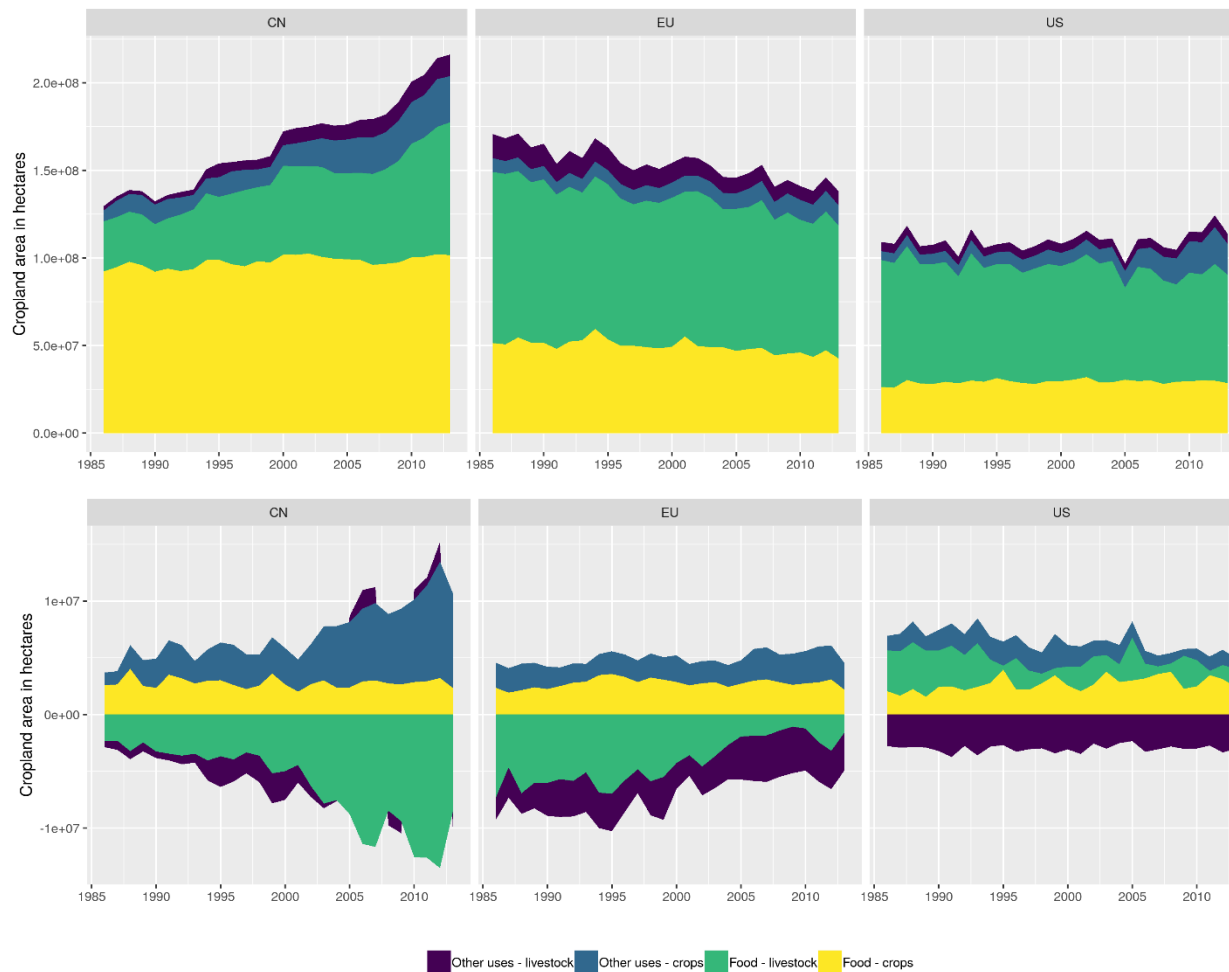


## Mass-based allocation:

- 7 Mha cropland
- 64 % non-food



# Results: China – EU – US



- Hybrid MRIO is a useful tool to trace international agri-food supply chains
  
- FAOSTAT's high product and country detail
- EXIOBASE for full coverage of non-food products
- SUT/IOT framework
  - transparent organization of product flow data
  - allows mass and value allocation

# Open Science

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All codes & data are available:



- **GitHub** <https://github.com/martinbruckner/fabio>  
<https://github.com/fineprint-global/>

-  <http://dx.doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.2577067>

- Bruckner, M., Wood, R., Moran, D., Kuschnig, N., Wieland, H., Maus, V., Börner, J. (*submitted*) FABIO – The Construction of the Food and Agriculture Input–Output Model. *Environmental Science & Technology*



# Results: Comparison of models

## Net-trade of China in 2004

